

**GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA  
SESSION 2011**

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**HOUSE BILL 332**

Short Title: Clarify Development Moratoria Authority. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Mills, Killian, Crawford, and Hamilton (Primary Sponsors).  
For a complete list of Sponsors, see Bill Information on the NCGA Web Site.

Referred to: Government.

March 14, 2011

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT CLARIFYING THAT A LOCAL GOVERNMENT MAY NOT IMPOSE A MORATORIUM ON DEVELOPMENT APPROVALS FOR THE PURPOSE OF DEVELOPING AND ADOPTING A NEW OR REVISED DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCE.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**SECTION 1.** G.S. 153A-340(h) reads as rewritten:

"(h) As provided in this subsection, counties may adopt temporary moratoria on any county development approval required by ~~law-law~~, except for the purpose of developing and adopting new or amended plans or ordinances. The duration of any moratorium shall be reasonable in light of the specific conditions that warrant imposition of the moratorium and may not exceed the period of time necessary to correct, modify, or resolve such conditions. Except in cases of imminent and substantial threat to public health or safety, before adopting an ordinance imposing a development moratorium with a duration of 60 days or any shorter period, the board of commissioners shall hold a public hearing and shall publish a notice of the hearing in a newspaper having general circulation in the area not less than seven days before the date set for the hearing. A development moratorium with a duration of 61 days or longer, and any extension of a moratorium so that the total duration is 61 days or longer, is subject to the notice and hearing requirements of G.S. 153A-323. Absent an imminent threat to public health or safety, a development moratorium adopted pursuant to this section shall not apply to any project for which a valid building permit issued pursuant to G.S. 153A-357 is outstanding, to any project for which a conditional use permit application or special use permit application has been accepted, to development set forth in a site-specific or phased development plan approved pursuant to G.S. 153A-344.1, to development for which substantial expenditures have already been made in good faith reliance on a prior valid administrative or quasi-judicial permit or approval, or to preliminary or final subdivision plats that have been accepted for review by the county prior to the call for public hearing to adopt the moratorium. Any preliminary subdivision plat accepted for review by the county prior to the call for public hearing, if subsequently approved, shall be allowed to proceed to final plat approval without being subject to the moratorium.

Any ordinance establishing a development moratorium must expressly include at the time of adoption each of the following:

- (1) A clear statement of the problems or conditions necessitating the moratorium and what courses of action, alternative to a moratorium, were considered by



1 the county and why those alternative courses of action were not deemed  
2 adequate.

3 (2) A clear statement of the development approvals subject to the moratorium  
4 and how a moratorium on those approvals will address the problems or  
5 conditions leading to imposition of the moratorium.

6 (3) An express date for termination of the moratorium and a statement setting  
7 forth why that duration is reasonably necessary to address the problems or  
8 conditions leading to imposition of the moratorium.

9 (4) A clear statement of the actions, and the schedule for those actions, proposed  
10 to be taken by the county during the duration of the moratorium to address  
11 the problems or conditions leading to imposition of the moratorium.

12 No moratorium may be subsequently renewed or extended for any additional period unless  
13 the city shall have taken all reasonable and feasible steps proposed to be taken by the county in  
14 its ordinance establishing the moratorium to address the problems or conditions leading to  
15 imposition of the moratorium and unless new facts and conditions warrant an extension. Any  
16 ordinance renewing or extending a development moratorium must expressly include, at the  
17 time of adoption, the findings set forth in subdivisions (1) through (4) of this subsection,  
18 including what new facts or conditions warrant the extension.

19 Any person aggrieved by the imposition of a moratorium on development approvals  
20 required by law may apply to the appropriate division of the General Court of Justice for an  
21 order enjoining the enforcement of the moratorium, and the court shall have jurisdiction to  
22 issue that order. Actions brought pursuant to this section shall be set down for immediate  
23 hearing, and subsequent proceedings in those actions shall be accorded priority by the trial and  
24 appellate courts. In any such action, the county shall have the burden of showing compliance  
25 with the procedural requirements of this subsection."

26 **SECTION 2.** G.S. 160A-381(e) reads as rewritten:

27 "(e) As provided in this subsection, cities may adopt temporary moratoria on any city  
28 development approval required by ~~law-law~~, except for the purpose of developing and adopting  
29 new or amended plans or ordinances. The duration of any moratorium shall be reasonable in  
30 light of the specific conditions that warrant imposition of the moratorium and may not exceed  
31 the period of time necessary to correct, modify, or resolve such conditions. Except in cases of  
32 imminent and substantial threat to public health or safety, before adopting an ordinance  
33 imposing a development moratorium with a duration of 60 days or any shorter period, the  
34 governing board shall hold a public hearing and shall publish a notice of the hearing in a  
35 newspaper having general circulation in the area not less than seven days before the date set for  
36 the hearing. A development moratorium with a duration of 61 days or longer, and any  
37 extension of a moratorium so that the total duration is 61 days or longer, is subject to the notice  
38 and hearing requirements of G.S. 160A-364. Absent an imminent threat to public health or  
39 safety, a development moratorium adopted pursuant to this section shall not apply to any  
40 project for which a valid building permit issued pursuant to G.S. 160A-417 is outstanding, to  
41 any project for which a conditional use permit application or special use permit application has  
42 been accepted, to development set forth in a site-specific or phased development plan approved  
43 pursuant to G.S. 160A-385.1, to development for which substantial expenditures have already  
44 been made in good faith reliance on a prior valid administrative or quasi-judicial permit or  
45 approval, or to preliminary or final subdivision plats that have been accepted for review by the  
46 city prior to the call for public hearing to adopt the moratorium. Any preliminary subdivision  
47 plat accepted for review by the city prior to the call for public hearing, if subsequently  
48 approved, shall be allowed to proceed to final plat approval without being subject to the  
49 moratorium.

50 Any ordinance establishing a development moratorium must expressly include at the time  
51 of adoption each of the following:

- 1 (1) A clear statement of the problems or conditions necessitating the moratorium  
2 and what courses of action, alternative to a moratorium, were considered by  
3 the city and why those alternative courses of action were not deemed  
4 adequate.
- 5 (2) A clear statement of the development approvals subject to the moratorium  
6 and how a moratorium on those approvals will address the problems or  
7 conditions leading to imposition of the moratorium.
- 8 (3) An express date for termination of the moratorium and a statement setting  
9 forth why that duration is reasonably necessary to address the problems or  
10 conditions leading to imposition of the moratorium.
- 11 (4) A clear statement of the actions, and the schedule for those actions, proposed  
12 to be taken by the city during the duration of the moratorium to address the  
13 problems or conditions leading to imposition of the moratorium.

14 No moratorium may be subsequently renewed or extended for any additional period unless  
15 the city shall have taken all reasonable and feasible steps proposed to be taken by the city in its  
16 ordinance establishing the moratorium to address the problems or conditions leading to  
17 imposition of the moratorium and unless new facts and conditions warrant an extension. Any  
18 ordinance renewing or extending a development moratorium must expressly include, at the  
19 time of adoption, the findings set forth in subdivisions (1) through (4) of this subsection,  
20 including what new facts or conditions warrant the extension.

21 Any person aggrieved by the imposition of a moratorium on development approvals  
22 required by law may apply to the appropriate division of the General Court of Justice for an  
23 order enjoining the enforcement of the moratorium, and the court shall have jurisdiction to  
24 issue that order. Actions brought pursuant to this section shall be set down for immediate  
25 hearing, and subsequent proceedings in those actions shall be accorded priority by the trial and  
26 appellate courts. In any such action, the city shall have the burden of showing compliance with  
27 the procedural requirements of this subsection."

28 **SECTION 3.** This act is effective when it becomes law.